#### WORLD THE

TUESDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 29.

hero, and that is the sort of stuff required a SUBSCRIPTION TO THE EVENING the life-saving stations. EDITION (Including Postage), PER MONTH, 30c. ; PER YEAR, \$3.50.

The following comparison is an exact record of the actual, regular, bona-fide editions of THE. Woned printed during the week preceding and

the week following the las	t election:	
Week before election.		After election.
Sunday	267,360	265,590
Monday	262,510	265,540
Tuesday	257,060	259,560
Wednesday	258.660	317,940
Thursday	253,680	284,250
Priday	260,180	377,850
Saturday	256,050	293,070
Weekly and Semi-		
Weekly	107,420	107,000

We, the undersigned, the paper manufacturers cho supply the white paper used by the New York WORLD, hereby certify that we have carefully exmined the above statement of circulation, an olemnly scear that it corresponds with the unt of white paper supplied by us, used by THE WORLD and charged up to them (in accordmee with our method of charging THE WORLD MACH DAY ONLY THE PAPER ACTUALLY USED AND PRINTED) during the two weeks specified.

> BULKLEY, DUNTON & Co., by David G. Garabbant.
> York Haven Paper Co.
> Susquehanna Water-Power
> and Paper Co.
> Glens Falls Paper Mill Co.,
> by Wm. B. Dillon,
> Manager of Sales.
> W. H. Parsons & Co.,
> by W. H. Parsons.

State of New York, City and County of New York, ss. lly appeared before me DAVID G. GARABRANT y. Dunton & Co.; WM. B. DILLOW, manage of sales for the York Haven Paper Co., the Sus Water-Power and Paper Co. and Glens Falls Paper Mill Co., and W. H. Pansons, of W. H. Parsons & Co., who, being known to me, did append their signature eto and swore that the foregoing statement is true
WILLIAM I. SHIMER, Commissioner of Deeds, City and County of New York, New York, Nov. 10, 1887.

#### ADVERTISING RATES.

(Agate Measurement.)

Ordinary, 25 cents per line. No extra price for acceptable display. Business or Special Notices, opposite Editorial page, 50 cents per line. Reading Notices, starred or marked "Advt.": First page, \$1.50 per line; Fourth page, \$1.25 per line; Inside page, \$1

The rates for advertising in the Daily WORLD do not ap-ply to the Evening issue. Nor do the rates of that issue apply to the Morning Edition.

#### A NEW TRIAL FOR SHARP.

Any decision of the Court of Appeals should command respect. Both press and public should be slow to find fault with the deliberate verdict of the highest court in the

And yet the action of the Court of Appeal in reversing the decision of the lower courts and ordering a new trial for Jacon Shanp is a very remarkable phase of jurisprudence.

There are certain extraordinary facts that san not be gainsaid. First-No ruling of Judge BARRETT in a criminal case has heretofore been reversed. Second-The selections of Judges Porten and Rugen to hear the motions for appeal were the occasions of unfavorable comment on the part of Bench, Bar and public. Third-This decision was discounted in this city two or three weeks ago. Counsel for SHARP have refterated their confidence in

The decision, to say the least, is unfortunate in its general effect. It will give an impression of the power of money rather than of the impartiality of justice. The poor Hers languish in Sing Sing. But the rich offender escapes punishment tempovarily and hopes to avoid it altogether.

## THE NATIONAL CONVENTIONS.

Five cities are contesting for the honor and profit of being selected as the meeting-place

New York, which has the least need of the influx of strangers and the incidental shekeldistribution, is unquestionably the fittest place on many accounts.

This State, and that portion of it within a radius of ten miles of City Hall, will probably decide the Presidential election. This is therefore a good spot to work in any help which a convention might give to the campaign. Here, too, is the great centre of news-distribution. Neither hotels nor a hall would need to be improvised.

And still the West is a great country.

## FORFEIT THE CHARTERS.

The Chicago City Council has found the right weapon with which to fight the Trusts. It calls for legal proceedings to forfeit the charter of every gas company in the city that has "pooled" its stock in the Chicago Gas

The Trust has secured control of all the companies, and advanced the price of gas 25 per cent.

The companies were chartered by the people, to serve the public. When they merge themselves in a monopoly to rob the public their charters should be repealed. Trounce the Trusts!

### OLD PROB'S PREAK

The cold snap is no doubt regarded by Gen NEWTON as a vindication.

But as one swallow doesn't make a spring neither does one cold wave make a winter. There will be three weeks of safe digging yet if December shall be no colder than the

Let reason and not red tape rule.

## A RECORD OF HEROISM.

No department of Government work makes a better showing than the Life-Saving Service. During the last year it has assisted 332 disabled or stranded vessels and saved 6,272 lives and \$5,788,820 worth of property.

It is slow work making bribery dangerous The record of the service is a record in this town. olam. Especially during the past year A thrilling story in THE WORLD to-me has the press furnished abundant evidence ess devotion to hardy duty on the | as Pabsted."

part of the life-savers of the great lakes and

along the coasts.

GIVE IT PROMPTLY.

JACOB SHARP has been granted a new trial.

MOST'S DESIRE.

fronting the man who had made Anarchism

unhealthy out West. Perhaps he wanted to

ask the instrument of the law if he sup-

posed hanging really hurts much. Perhaps

he wished to beg the "minion" to repent,

and join the "JOHANN MOST Peace Society."

That he meditated personal injury is not

probable. Big words and beer foam do not

MORE THAN A MONOPOLY.

The word "monopoly" gives but an in-

adequate idea of the nature of the Standard

Oil Trust. There is indeed no one word in

the language that expresses the full meaning.

for the simple reason that no such organiza-

tion was ever before known in the history of

The Standard Oil is not only a monopoly,

but an utterly unscrupulous, conscienceless

combination of commercial buccaneers.

Composed of soulless corporations, its his-

tory proves it to be totally devoid of princi-

ple, blind to everything but dollars, deaf to

It is born not only of monopoly, but

BURIAL REPORM.

The proposed Burial Reform Association

certainly has much to commend it. What

with exorbitant undertakers' bills and the prevailing ostentation at funerals, dying has

Such extravagant expenditure serves no

good purpose. It is opposed by clergy and

church. Only the undertakers, the florist's,

the hackmen, the monument makers and a

With the poor the funeral expenses are a

very serious matter. The draft upon their

slender means is often made at a time when

they are least able to bear it. It is a very

common case for a poor woman to lose the

mainstay of her support, and then to be

Respect for the dead should not bring

The Harvard football team protests that it

has not protested the recent game in this

city, but does not protest that it will not pro-

test hereafter "at the proper time and place."

A Baltimore man mentions the "good

water" of that city as one of the inducements

to call the National Presidential Convention

there. He must be thinking of the Prohibi-

tionists—the "temperance Republicans

Oh, no! It cannot be that HISCOCK and

BELDEN are out. The Senator could never

distrust nor quarrel with a truly good politi-

cian who has just received the vindication of

around Washington with a red-hot iron

HENRY GEORGE announces that he will not

retire from politics. Politics seems, how-

ever, to have retired from HENRY GEORGE to

The General Term Judges must join the

public in concluding that "the law" is,

like the proverbial white man, "mighty

If SULLIVAN and MITCHELL really meet for

business," politics and public affairs will

The people find it very difficult to retain

their respect for the law sometimes, but they

JACOE SHARP's bail should be high enough

to make his selection of a foreign home very

The boodlers in Sing Sing and the exiles in

Canada must envy "the old man" his luck.

JAMES J. BELDEN is a very kind-hearted

man and an excellent legal adviser of counsel.

" The Devil's Oard; or, Not so Black

suffer a temporary eclipse in England.

outlining the brand of "Traitor."

a very considerable extent

onsartin.

try hard to do it.

expensive.

have no use for water at such a time.

as big as some of Hiscock's own.

place she may name."

heavily involved in debt by the funeral.

needless suffering to the living.

protest.

senseless fashion favor the lavish display.

verything but the clink of gold.

become very expensive.

iniquity. Who will give it a name?

new trial be set for an early day,

be introduced to him."

and become a lamb.

burt hangmen.

the world.

The attempt of some politicians to apply their spoils theory to this service savors al-CITY GIRLS HEAVILY HANDICAPPED IN COMmost of sacrilege. Let them keep their hands PETITION WITH FARMERS' GIRLS. off. No party brand can make or unmake a

> How the Country Women Cut Down the Wages of Poor People in New York City-Five Handred of Them at Work for One Firm-Few of Them Obliged to Take Sewing for a Living.

Let it be promptly given him. No new SEPECIAL TO THE WORLD. preparation is needed. The facts are pal-PATERSON, N. J., Nov. 29 .- A further pable and proven. The evidence declared to investigation by a WORLD reporter into the business of distributing city shop work have been improperly admitted is not necesthrough Passaic and adjoining counties has revealed a steadily increasing business, the To leave the veteran rich briber long at extent of which few people realize. New liberty would scandalize justice. Let the points of distribution are being established, and more agents are being employed in this new phase of women's labor. Thoughtiessly, no doubt, at first, the stout, healthy farmers All the witnesses on Herr Most's side, wives and daughters were led into a compewhile affirming that his speech was like the tition against their less fortunate sisters in mournful cooing of a dove, admit that he the large commercial centres. Although the city woman little suspected it, the reason why did express a strong desire to see the executhe shop work manufacturer has been enabled tioner of the Chicago Anarchists-" only to to continuously cut down her meagre weekly pittance, it has been because he had led the This does not necessarily imply that Most women in the country to compete against desired to execute the executioner. Perhaps he only wanted to test his own nerve by con-

ADVANTAGES ALL ON ONE SIDE. In this strife the advantages are nearly all upon one side and against the shop girls in the cities, who are compelled, by adverse circumstances, to labor at shop work for s livelihood. With them it is a desperate handto-mouth struggle for the absolute necessities of life. To them the landlord comes around with the first day of the month. A few cents' reduction in the price paid for "finishing" a dozen shirts or waists means an anguish that no one can realize who has not been in want. Not fancied want, but the want of warmth, food, shelter or sufficient clothing to go about in to perform daily abor.

The city woman is compelled to live in the

The city woman is compelled to live in the house of many floors and many occupants. Her quarters are narrow and dark. The pile of fuel necessary to keep them habitable is jealously watched for fear of waste.

How different it is in the country! There, large, airy rooms, with the pure sunlight streaming in through many windows, and a bright, glowing fire sending forth ample heat and cheerfulness. In most of the houses visited there were two or more workers busy. Their merry laugh and happy mien were in striking contrast to the appearance and circumstances of those whom they were forcing to greater distress. No rent to pay, no added fuel to buy, a man or boy to keep the fire going and bring in the wood or coal. Every flash of the busy little needle and every turn of the unwinding spool of thread meant smaller wages for those, women like them, sisters in want, who, for reasons of various causes, were compelled to compete against health and strength, which must in the end drive poverty to the wall.

against health and strength, which the end drive poverty to the wall. THE PIONEERS IN THE BUSINESS. The pioneers in this country branch of hop work, so far as can be learned, were shop work, so far as can be learned, were Levi & Price, New York manufacturers, who built a mill in Paterson about fifteen years ago. Paterson was selected because of the large number of farmers who visit it weekly the year around to market their produce which is sold on the open street or delivered

which is sold on the open street or delivered to private customers.

In most of these farm wagons a wife or daughter is sure to be found. She can stay in the wagon while the farmer carries away his goods. The Manhattan Shirt Mills, as Levi & Price called their new venture, was built in River street, through which most of the farmers drive to the Main street market. Signs of inducement were hung out to the country people, and the market wagons soon began to stop at the shirt mill on their way home, until twenty at a time could be

began to stop at the shirt mill on their way home, until twenty at a time could be counted there on a big market day.

A little work was given, to be returned the next week. The farmers' wives and daughters told others, and the new source of revenue became county talk.

Driving through the country to-day, it is no uncommon sight to see before each window of a farm-house a woman or girl busy working with a sewing-machine. If the visitor will enter the house he will find them working on shirts or waists. When spoken working on shirts or waists. When spoken to they say manufactured, or as they term it, "boughten" things are prettier than home-made. They say that by doing shop work they get money to buy what they want. Better reserve it till the next game is played,

NOT FOR A LIVING, BUT FOR LUXURIES. In some cases the work is done to really carn a living, but in most cases this is not true in the country, where the husbands or fathers of the workers own their homes, and where the expenses are met by money from the outside work.

where the expenses are met by money from the outside work.

The World reporter in this trayels was shown a set of furniture, a new carpet, a set of curtains, and, in one case, a wedding outfit bought by money earned at shop work. One woman said that her husband had more than \$1,000 saved up to build a house, and she was working to get money "to furnish it nice." In another instance the man possessed property that could be sold for \$15,000. His wife was working at the machine to buy a set of fine curtains for her parlor.

Levi & Price, after three years, separated. The original plant was kept by Levi & Wechsler. They have 120 families stopping at their mills for work, and many of the farm-wagons on the market will be found to carry a bundle of finished shirts to be left at the mills on the way home, as the farmers come to Paterson in the middle of the night. It was found necessary to have instructors and distributors in the new work to teach and supply new hands and those who can not drive to Paterson. Men were taken to the factory, and taught the quickest and best way of doing the work. Then they were sent out as agents for the firm. They now have two of these who drive through three counties.

ROW ONE AGENT WORES 17. a popular majority to Congress ten times The ridiculous use made of the word "lady " receives it latest illustration in the challenge of the "champion female athlete of America," who expresses a willingness to " meet the Pittsburg lady at any time and At last accounts the Administration was not chasing Commissioner E. ELLERY ANDERSON

HOW ONE AGENT WORKS IT. David Allen, one of the men, lives on the line between the States of New Jersey and New York, which gives him a central location for the two counties of Bergen and Rockland, through which he works. He has several machines at his home where he will teach beginners until they are competent to take shop work home. He has taught numbers of others at their homes.

Creating a demand for sewing-machines, he added an agency for them to his other work. His home at Chestnut Ridge is fourteen miles from Paterson. He works as far as Nyack, eleven miles beyond. He gets his

His home at Chestnut Ridge is fourteen miles from Paterson. He works as far as Nyack, eleven miles beyond. He gets his shirts from Paterson, all cut out and partly sewed together. At first he gave a shirt to one woman to complete. But now, he says, he subdivides the work, giving one the bosom to sew in, another the neck bands and wrist bands to sew on, and a third the bottonholes and hems to make. This, he claims, makes experts in their lines and expedites matters much. He handles as high as 3,300 shirts a week. He has more than three lundred women employed. Some of these do little, and very few as much as they can. He said that he had one girl who earned \$6 a week, but he refused to give the prices that he paid. He has had to struggle for his work and to keep his territory.

During the past summer R. H. Macy & One of Fourteenth street, New York, opened a tactory in Nyack and placed it in charge of Mis & Wood. A wagon route was started, and work was distributed by agents, but the factory was closed this fall.

Henry B. Rothschild, of West Broadway, Klingeantein Bros., of \$1 Walker street, Myer Crans, of Walker street, Litchenstein & Lyons, and Miller & Son, all of New York, also established agents.

Mr. Allen's field includes the towns of Spring Valley, Monsey, Pearl River, Clarks-ville, Bardon. Blauveltsville, Nyack, Piermont and Tappan in Rockland County, New York, and Park Ridge, Mont Vale, River Vale, Paskack, Hillsdale and West Wood in Bergen County, New Jersey. This season he

will have a man to drive about for him. He THE DRIFT OF SOCIETY TALK. SHOP WORK IN THE COUNTRY.

ANOTHER FIELD OF COMPETITION. John Remsen, the second out-door agent, is paid a fixed salary. He lives in Paterson. He drives a double team, and is on the road five days in the week. His best route, he says, is in Bergen and Rockland counties, along the line of the Eric Railroad to Sufferus, twenty miles from Paterson. In this drive he distributes in the towns of Riverside, Ridgewood, Hohokus, Allendale, Ransevs and Mahwah. He stays at Sufferus all night, and crossing the mountains, as it is called, at Masonicus, and returns to Paterson by way of the towns of Campgan.

is called, at Masonicus, and returns to Paterson by way of the towns of Campgan, Wyckoff, Wortendyke and Midland Park. Another trip is west of Paterson, through Passaic County and the towns of Pompton, Preakness, Bloomfield and Butler.

A third route is by way of Clifton, Lake View, Passaic, Franklin and Belleville to Newark, where the firm opened a branch establishment a year and a half ago. This was done, they said, to catch the country,workers, Newark being another large market centre for farmers for miles around in all directions.

tions.

Remsen said that he supplied about two hundred hands. This, with the number who work for Allen and those who work directly for the mills, shows about how many country women are employed by this firm alone in competition with the shop girls of

#### THE BOY PIANIST.

Any one who wants to make a success as a planist owadays must possess exceptional ability, for there is no instrument on this earth that has been so fatally abused, and of which people are becoming so intolerant.

Who has not suffered from the exquisite anguish of the "instruction book" with its hideous "Leila's a Lady," "The Swiss Boy " and "Cherry tipe"? Who has not wept the scalding tears of bitter distress as he listened to the practising of some misguided maiden, and cursed the days when planos were invented?

Ah! the piano is frequently cruel, often despised of men, and always looked upon with distrust. In the saion it is the accompaniment to conversation; in the hotel it is the terror of the guests; in the home it is simply tragic.
Yet at Wallack's yesterday afternoon a tiny boy,

lad in a sailor's suit, with plump face of breadand-outter health and an expression of childish satisfaction, sat down to one of the hackneyed instruments, and in less than an hour had roused a thoroughly critical andience to wonderful enthu-Young Josef Hofmann, extensively advertised by

Mr. Henry E. Abbey as the musical marvel of the age, gave a private concert to the press and Mr. Abbey's friends. The result showed that nothing had been exaggerated about the child, and that he is indeed simply a musical marvel.

I hate gushing in the superlative, but frankly I must say that I have never heard little Hofmann's playing surpassed. It is magnificent. He gave Mendelssohn's "Rondo Caprico

superbly. (I don't think I've used that superlative before). But he was most successful in one of Chopin's waltzes—an extremely difficult one. His execution was extremely brilliant, his touch staccata and sure, and his rendition absolutely correct. Nothing better could have been heard. If young Hofmann elayed only this walts he ild be worth paying to hear. Papa Cassemer Hofmann did some variations on

theme by Beethoven, arranged by Saint Saens, with the boy, and though a duet is not much of test as to the ability of either one of the players, it was evident that young Josef did some extremely effective work. He also played a mazourl a and polonaise of his own composition, of which it is not necessary to say very much. Then Rud'olph Aronson blushingly suggested ten bars or so of, his exquisite two-by-the-hour waltees and young Hofmann elaborated upon it in a truly artistic

After the recital I spoke to young Hofmann, but found he was too young and innocent to be interviewed. He didn't even know enough to say that he loved America and the dear Americans, and was oh! so glad to be here. ALAN DALE.

## WORLDLINGS.

Prof. Bell has constructed a machine on the general principles of the typewriter, for facilitat-

The fortune of Chris Von der Ahe, the baseball an, is computed at \$200,000. It has all been made out of the great American game. Jacob Unden, a carpenter at Duluth, Minn., fell

from a scaffold and broke his neck several weeks Ensign Stowe, of Caro, Mich.; was leading a ow to pasture when the animal gave a sudden jerk on the rope and pulled his thumb completely

coughed up a piece of bone which she swallowed three years ago and which lodged in one of her

Russell Sage cats cracked wheat for breakfast 865 days in the year and is very fond of baked apples. He is also very partial to bread and butter with a thick spread of honey on it.

Abraham Burbank, who died in Pittsfield, fass., the other day, worth \$800,000 was a stone and brick mason, and worked at his trade until a few days before his death. A trowel was his only essession when he settled in Pittsfield in 1834.

A burglar entered the house of Mr. C. F. Janosch, in Kalamazoo, Mich., one night last week and was passing through the dining-room when a parrof in the room called out loudly : "What are you doing there?" The bird's cry aroused Mr. Jannosch, and the burgiar fied in haste.

The remains of a prehistoric race of giants have requently been dug up at St. Augustine, Fla., and last week, in excavating for a cellar, a workman disinterred an immense iron crowbar which must have been used by the unknown aborigines. It is ten feet long, tapering at each end to a sharp point, and weighs 190 pounds.

The people of Chico, Cal., are trying to solve the Chinese question by colonizing the obnoxious Celestials just outside the city limits. Gen. Bidwell has given ten acres of land for the purpose and the city agrees to furnish lumber enough to erect houses and all the water that may be needed,

A clause in the will of John J. Hicks, who died San Francisco recently, read: "I bequeath to my dear children my undying love, which I hope ther will as lovingly accept and retain towards each other. This precious gift will not pertsh with my body, but will live for them throughout all the

When Mr. W. H. Heaton, of Glassboro', N. J. was a guest at a Philadelphia hotel more than twenty years ago, a thief stole his watch. Last taining a handsome gold watch and a note which "In this box you will find a gold watch to be recognized as a substitute for the one taken from your room in a Philadelphia hotel in 1865,"

# Scott's Miners All Discharged.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 29.-A most significant and important move in connection with Congressman's cott's flat refusal to pay the 5 cent, advance occurred yesterday at Scot-Haven. William Dunoan, the superintendent, of the "Coal King's" two pits, known as the Southwest and Duncan Hollow, it comprises with an order from Mr. Scott, discharged all the men and suspended operations until further instruc-

New England Depot at Hartford Burned.

HARTFORD, CORD., Nov. 92.—The temporar assenger station of the New York and New Engand Railroad in this city, a frame structure, was totally destroyed by fire at 9 o'clock this morning.

THREE WEDDINGS, A RECEPTION AND A MUSICALE THIS EVENING.

Mr. R. A. Macready and Miss Katherine Motley to be Married at 504 Pitth Avenue -Mr. Frederic Taber Cooper to Wed Miss Edich Redfield in the West Presbyterias Church-Other Social Events.



day's brides being all married at home. A very pretty wedding will be that of Mr. R. as the "Hamilton land," which, as values A. Macready and Miss run, is worth \$60,000. It has a frontage on Katherine Motley, daughter of the late

Rev. Arthur Brooks, assisted by the Rev. T. M. Niven, of Dobbs Ferry, an uncle of the bride officiat-Ferry, an uncle of the bride official-ing. The bride will wear a white satin gown with train, and front of duchesse-lace. The corsage will be decollete and the veil of tulle. The diamond uecklace worn is a gift from her brother, Mr. T. M. Motley. The other diamonds to be worn were presented by the groom's mother and the groom. The bride will carry a bouquet

were presented by the groom's mother and the groom. The bride will carry a bouquet of lilies of the valley.

Mr. W. Macready will be the best man.
Mr. Dunbar Wright, Mr. Elisha Walker, Mr. Walter Watson and Mr. James M. Motley will be the ushers. The bridesmaids will be Miss Estelle Doremus and Miss Josephine Stone. They will wear rose faille, with front of silver and talls, made walking length. Stone. They will wear rose faille, with front of silver and tulle, made walking length. The long drawing-rooms will be decorated, one in pink and the other with yellow roses. The couple will stand during the ceremony

one in pink and the other with yellow roses. The couple will stand during the ceremony under an arch of ferns and roses. The bride will be given away by her brother, Mr. T. M. Motley. The presents are very handsome, including many fine diamonds and bronzes. The reception after the ceremony will last until 11 o'clock to-night.

The marriage of Mr. Frederic Taber Cooper and Miss Edith Redfield, daughter of Amass A. Redfield, will take place this evening at 11 o'clock at the West Presbyterian Church. The Rev. William H. Cooke, of Trisity Parish, an uncle of the bride, assisted by the Rev. Dr. Paxton, will officiate. The weddinggown will be of rich Prench faille with train. The front drapery will be of old English lace, made to order for the occasion. The tulle veil will be fastened with orange blossoms. The bouquet will be of white roses. Miss Edith Stratton will be the maid of honor. She vill wear draperies of braided tulle over white silk. Miss Eliza Gridley, Miss Nellie Davis, Miss Annie Whitney, Miss Phebe Gridley, Miss Mabel Lines and Miss Mamie Cooke, a cousin of the bride, will be the bridesmaids. The first two in the bridal procession will wear rose tulle over Faille, and the last will be in canary color, all carrying baskets of flowers in their hands and wearing aigrettes to match their gowns.

Mr. Robert Latimer Redfield will be the

in their hands and wearing aigrettes to match their gowns.

Mr. Robert Latimer Redfield will be the best man and Mr. Charles Cushman, Mr. Stevens, Mr. Henry Buck, Mr. J. B. Elmendorf, Mr. Henry Leonard and Mr. Luis J. Phelos will be the ushers. The bride will be given away by her father. The reception after the wedding will be at the home of the bride's parents, 68 West Forty-eighth street. Mazzetti serves the supper. Among the guests expected are the following-named persons:

persons:

Judge and Mrs. George C. Barrett, the Rev. and Mrs. William H. Cooke, Judge and Mrs. Larremore, the Misses Larremore, Mr. and Mrs. C. O. Cooke, Judge and Mrs. Brady, Mr. and Mrs. David Ivison, the Misses Ivison, Judge and Mrs. George M. Van Hoesen, Dr. and Mrs. Paxton, Dr, and Mrs. Hastmars, Mr. and Mrs. Huner, Mr. and Mrs. And Mrs. H. C. Bunner, Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Buck. Mr. and Mrs. Charles Pheips, Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Warner, Mr. and Mrs. Austin Abbott and Dr. and Mrs. F. G. Allett.

Mr. Henry L. Wolff and Miss Lisette Beinhauer will be married at 7 o'clock this evening at 312 West Fifty-eighth street, the home of the bride's father, Mr. F. Bein-hauer. The Rev. Dr. Oerter, of the First Reformed Dutch Church, will officiate. There will be no bridesmaids. Messrs. Louis Roth, August Wolff, Augustus Bein-hauer and Alfred Beinhauer will be the ushhauer and Alfred Beinhauer will be the ush-ers. The bride will wear a gown of heavy white moire, with train, and front of duchesse lace. The corsage will be high and the tulle veil will be secured with dia-mond pins. There will be other diamond ornaments worn. The bouquet will be of white roses. The couple will stand under an arch of flowers.

arch of flowers.

Mrs. Joshus J. Henry, of 14 East Tenth street will give a reception this afternoon from 4 until 7 o'clock, in the same drawing-room in which she herself was married, in honor of her son, Mr. Howard Henry, and his bride, Miss Mary Strong, Miss Henry, Miss Parsons and Miss Marshall, the bridesmaids at the and Miss Marshall, the bridesmaids at the recent wedding will assist in receiving. Mrs. Howard Henry will wear her wedding gown of white satin and moire, with high corsage, and the bridesmaids the white silks, with brocade stripes, worn on the same occasion. Among the guests expected are: Mr. and Mrs. Samuel A. Strong, Dr. and Mrs. Everett Herrick, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Parsons, Mr. and Mrs. Darlel Parsons, Mr. and Mrs. Harold Mrs. Barclay Parsons, Mr. and Mrs. Harold Herrick, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Hoffman Mrs. Harry Allen. Miss Allen and Mr. and Mrs. Daniel B. Allen and many others.

The first musicale of the season will be

Harry Allen. Miss Allen and Mr. and Mrs. Daniel B. Allen and many others.

The first musicale of the season will be given by Mrs. W. B. Shattuck, of 128 Fifth avenue, this evening. Mrs. Francis Rurrall Hoffman, Miss Adele Grant, Miss Paget, Miss Celeste Stauffer, Miss Ashmore, Miss Cornelia Van Auken, Miss Ada Smith, Miss Butterfield, Miss Ely, Miss Darlington, Miss Lichardson, Miss Watson and Miss Lichardson, Miss Watson and Miss Bi whehard Thompson will assist in receiving. After the musicale a pink supper will be served. The amateurs that will assist will in valude Mrs. Florence Rice Knox, Miss Schack, and Mr. Percey Sherman. The professional talentemployed will be Miss Rider, Mr. Coms tock, Mrs. Dutton and many others. Mrs. Shat, uck's musicales were so successful this season at Lenox that she will continue them this will vier at her city home.

Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Schwab, of 175 West Fifty-eighth street, will give an "at home" this afternoon.

To Services as Best Man, \$100-Paid.

[SPECIAL TO THE WORLD.]
LOUISVILLE, Nov. 29.—If was published recently that Col. Nicholas Smith, the Kentucky beau, had sent Edward J. Ovington, the Paris kid-glove dealer, recently married to Miss Georgia Maize here, a bill for nearly \$200 for his services as heat man. Ovington wrote to the editor of a Sunday paper that it was true Smith had sent a bill and had been paid \$100. He says also that he returned the present given by Smith to the person from whom purchased. This was done because he did not suppose the present was paid for. Charged with Embezzlement.

Charles McGec, an employee of the dry-goods firm of Northelmer & Co., of 507 Broadway, appeared as complamant in the Essex Merket Polic Court this morning against John S. Wetherell, collect ng and appropriating to sis own use \$10 of his employer's money on Sept. 30. Wetherels said that he was authorized by the firm to spend the money in drumming up trade. He was held for trial.

Mrs. Annie J. Figg.ns, who was brought to Believue Hospital last Friday night, was pronounced Insane yesterday and sent to the lunatic asylum on Blackwell's Island. She imagines that she is an actress and is known on the stage as Annie Nelson. She is the wife of James Figglus, a guard on the tast an anyparation will be necessary. She was elevated road. insane yesterday and sent to the lunatic asylum

CAPT. GUNNER'S NEW QUARTERS.

The New Uptown Station Occupied by Capt. Gunner and His Men.



ters. There are five stories, the top one being a sort of a tower, from which rises a tall flag-staff. The building is erected on what is known

East Sixty-seventh street of seventy feet. East Sixty-seventh street of seventy feet. The main structure is sixty feet ten inches deep. With the prison attachment it takes up the whole lot of 102 feet.

The lower story is of granite, and the other four of brick, with sandstone trimmings. Two tall lamps shed their light on the five granite steps that lead to the entrance. On the right, inside, is the desk where the sergeant holds court on the hapless prisoner. Back of the rail a door opens into a business office, in which is the Rogde's Gallery.

Across the hall is the captain's office, off which opens his sleeping apartment. Down the hall on the right are quartered the senior sergeants, in a nice, cheerful room with a pretty carpet. On the left is the room where the policemen gather preparatory to marching out.

At the end of the hall is a small door leading into the prison. The cells here are a of boiler iron, and are in the centre court. It is next to impossible for a prisoner

to escape.

The basement is occupied by more cells bath-rooms for captain, sergeants and patrol-men, and a drying room for the clothes of men, and a drying room for the clothes of policemen who are caught out in the rain. Two stories of the upper floors are occupied by the patrolmen. They are fine, large, airy room, with accomodations for 150 men. The fourth floor is vacant, while the fifth, which is a long room, is to be fitted up as a gymnasium. All these rooms are finished in cherry. Electric bells lead to every room, so that the men can be called on at any time by the

Electric bells lead to every room, so that the men can be called on at any time by the sergeant at the desk. This will save the roundsy an lots of work.

All the bedding, furniture and fittings are new. There are 94 men connected with the station, but they will be increased by 29 men in a short time. The cost of building was \$85,000. The house is considered a model one in every respect. There is talk of having a patrol wagon connected with the station.

Capt. Gunner, who has command of the Twenty-fifth Precinct, has been on the force twenty-six years, having been appointed in twenty-six years, having been appointed in April, 1861, and everybody wishes him a happy time in his new quarters. The old building in East Fifty-ninth street is being eagerly sought after.

### FARMERS ON THE POLICE.

Source of Anxiety to Captains Lest Bunco Men Pick Them Up.



OW many times has OW many times has the following story been told? A policeman in full uniform was patrolling an uptown street. A stranger in the city approached him and asked the direction of Broadway. "It's over there somewhere," replied policeman. "How far over." inquired the

policeman. "How far over," inquired the stranger. "Three or four cross roads, believe," said the policeman. "Keep right

believe," said the policeman. "Keep right ahead until you come to a street where you will see crowds of people and hear a mighty noise—that's Broadway."

The policeman had donned the blue and brass buttons the day before. He was fresh from the sait fields of Onondaga County, and had been appointed through the influence of a country Senator.

It is said on the authority of an expert that there are at least three hundred men on New York's police force who owe their appointment to rural members of past Legislatures. A majority of these countrymen who are

A majority of these countrymen who are now members of "The Finest" were for-merly potato-diggers or threshers of wheat. Many of them had never seen New York until they came here to be examined preliminary to appointment.

Once upon a time a tall and very green countryman was appointed a policeman and assigned to the then Twenty-ninth Precinct The great and only Alexander Williams was at the desk when the farmer walked in. Another bunco case," sighed Williams

"Another bunco case," sighed Williams, as he glanced at the Sergeant on duty.

When the farmer showed his credentials, Williams rased his eyebrows, locked at the farmer for a full minute and then remarked to the Sergeant: "Get on to him. He looks as if he carried a keet in his pockets. Guess we will break him and the showed beat. If he don't puthis uniform on in a hurry, some of the condence boys will pick him up."

"Suppose we keep him dressed up as he is and use him for special work," put in the Sergeant.

"No good," realised Willams."

"No good," replied Willams, "for if we don't put the buttons on hin he will either be run over or shanghaied."

More farmers are to be added to the police More farmers are to be sadded to the police force, having passed a civil-service examina-tion and being backed by the influence of rural Senators and Assemblymea. Here are the names of countrymen on the eigible list:

Henry Atwater, Chenango Forks, atog dealer, Emer E. Knapp, Haverstraw, salesman, Eguert L. Hasbrouck, Bolsville, Ulster County, Jamer, W. J. Callaghan, Highland, Ulster County, Eneman. Dennis Driscoll, Roslin, Queens County, telegraph operator. Francis Timmerman, South Cairo, Grane

Democratic Majority in Virginia 3,160.

County, farmer.

RICHMOND, Va., Nov. 29. -The State Board of Canvassers were engaged all day yesterday footing up the returns of the recent action and considering contests. At a late nour last night the figures showed that the Democratic vote in the State was 119,506, and Republican 119,500 a Bemocratic majority of 426. In the five counties in which the Democrats had no candidates for the House, the vote for Gov. Lee in 1855 was 3,552, and in the two counties in which the Republicans had no House candidates, Wise in the same year received 61s votes, making the estimated Democratic majority in the State 3,160.

Real Gentility.

[Prom Puck.]
\*\*D'ye moinde, Mrs. Pitzpatrick, a young lac be the name of Pat M'Haffy was stoppin' along wid the Lynches about this time two year ago ?" "An' is it the M'Haffys of Corruk? Sure an' I knew them well in the ould country, an' it's an ilegant family they are. The folicest family in that part of Orland, Mrs. O'Rafferty. What you might call the rate Orland ginthity. An' that young Pat is the divit's own son."

A Little Girl in Hard Luck. Nine-year-old Ann O'Keefe, of 352 East Thirtysecond street, can to meet her father on the stairs home last night, on his return from work.

JUST DROPPED OUT OF SIGHT

PRETTY MARY LYNN NEVER SEEN AFTER SHE STARTED FOR CHURCH.

Missing Just a Work To-Night-The Strange Disappearance of a Shop-Girl- Did Sho Walk into the River by Accident !- Once in Bloomingdale, but Believed to Have Fully Recovered Her Mental Health.

The mystery surrounding the disappearance of pretty Mary J. Lynn, is to-day as deep as ever. It is just a week to-night since the girl bade her sister good night and started for the Seventh Avenue United Presbyterian Church. Since that time, kindred and friends have discovered nothing of her whereabouts. The theory was first advanced that she had fallen into evil hands, but that theory has gradually given way to others, equally plausible perhaps, but alike fruitless,

Miss Lynn was young, modest, intelligent and unassuming, with a round, pretty face, big eyes and a lot of wavy, brown hair. She lived with her parents at 253 West Twentyfirst street, and was employed at Le Boutillier Brothers', West Twenty-third street. She was always full of fun and was always willing to share another's burden, however heavy it

to share another's burden, however heavy it chanced to be.

Three years ago the young girl overworked herself, and as a consequence was stricken with malaria, her brain was affected and she spent a period in the Bloomingdale Asylum. After her discharge all her old animation seemed to return, and no indications were noticed of aberration of mind.

Tuesday evening Miss Lynn left home to visit her sister, Mrs. Fanny Kennedy, who lives at 514 West Twenty-first street. She remained there some time, and about 8 o'clock started for church to attend the singing-school, whither her sister Kate had previously gone. The missing girl was very religious and gone. The missing girl was very religious and was exceedingly interested in her Sunday-school class, as well as in her musical work. The girl never reached the church. Anxious, yet not dreaming of what had happened, kate hurried home, expecting to find her sister there, but she had not made her appearance; and from that hour father, mother and friends have been waiting, with an everincreasing heart sickness, for some message from the missing one. When Mary left her sister's she was in good

When Mary left her sister's she was in good health, physically and mentally. Policemen on duty that night in the neighborhood say there were no suspicious persons around there nor did they hear of any accident. The entire police force has been notified to look out for the girl, and the city hospitals have been searched but nothing has been learned. Where Mrs. Kennedy lives is but a short distance from the North River, and friends fear that in a moment of excitement the girl fear that in a moment of excitement the girl distance from the North River, and friends fear that in a moment of excitement the girl may have become confused, turned down the street towards the water instead of in the other direction, and, before she was aware of it, stepped to death in the river. Her outcries for help in that deserted district might well be unheard. So strongly is this theory entertained that guards have been stationed along shore, and the work of dragging the river is proposed.

along shore, and the work of dragging the river is proposed.

The pleasant apartments occupied by Mrs. Lynn have now more the appearance of a house where a wake is in progress than anything else, though, as one gray haired friend said, "If it were a wake one would know what to do and what one was doing; as it is, though, how terrible is it."

The mother and father, haggard and carework, pace the narrow rooms incessantly. At each tingle of the bell they start, hoping that it may be the forerunner of welcome news concerning the missing daughter.

When last seen the missing girl wore a dark cheviot dress, with light colored waist, trummed with blue braid; a black jacket, and a felt hat, trimmed with blue and white ribbon.

BRUSSELS NET AND BULLION. The Dress Designed to do Killing Work for

n Married Belle in Washington. A gorgeous gown, fresh from the skilful fingers of one of Gotham's artistes modistes. and designed to do killing work this winter in Washington, is made of black Brussels net, richly embroidered in bullion and colored silks, draped over black moire antique This embroidery is dull rather than showy, and suggestive of none of the vulgarity of the gold lace and cheap tinsel effects now seen on many costumes, but it gathers all the light into itself and flings it sort of glow as lovely as it is indescribable.

The long train of moire is bordered with full soft pliese supples of plain Brussels net, a tiny sache of the net finished the edge of the moire petticoat but the drapery is en.

a tiny sache of the net finished the edge of the moire petticoat, but the drapery is entirely of the embroidered Brussels net and caught on the left hip in the graceful fashion known as a "Marguerite," it falls in glittering waves to the feet and is again drawn softly back under the folds of the rich train. The pointed corsage is half of moire, half of net, has a narrow "V" of the embroidery, and a Berthe of the plain Brussels net is carried in soft folds over the shoulders and down to a sharp, close point between the shoulders. The modest price paid for this charming creation by a married belle was \$375, the piece of embroidered net which formed the drapery alone being estimated at \$250.

Written On Hotel Registers. Col. James Forney, of the United States Marine Corps, is at the Oriental.

Gen. Sylvester Dering and family occupy a suit of rooms at the Windsor. Russian Minister Charles de Struve registered at the Ciarendon Hotel last evening. Senor Montufar, Secretary of the Guatemalan Legation at Washington, is a guest at the Victoria. United States Senator John Sherman, of Mans-field, O., is one of the guests at the Fifth Avenue

"Plunger" F. T. Walton, now of Philadelphia, "booked" his name at the Fifth Avenue last evening. At the Park Avenue are Carlos Wrenela, Mile.

At the Brunswick: H. C. Pierce, of St. Louis; V. S. Wilkinson, of Baltimore, and Henry Craw-ord, of Chicago. Mr. and Mrs. Tiffiny, formerly of New York but of late residents of New Mexico, are now at the Murray Hill Hotel.

Judge Alfred C. Coxe, of the United States Court for the Northern District of New York, is a guest at the New York Hotel. guest at the New York Hotel.

O. G. Warren, of the Buffalo Commercial and Editor Norman E. Mack, of Buffalo, arrived at the St. James Hotel this morning.

The sutograph signature of John Dudley Ryder, olilondon, was placed upon the register of the Allemarie Hotel this morning.

Sienker Carlisie left this city at midnight for Wasington. Mrs. Carlisie and her son, W. E. Carlise, are still at the Glisey.

Condessman H. H. Bingham, of Philadelphia, and H.S. King, M. P., of London, are recently arrived forman House guests.

Secretary of War Fridayat arrived to the Party.

Secretary of War Endicott arrived at the Fifth Avenue Hylel last evening, having been preceded there by hh wife and daughter.

there by ha wife and daughter.

Wm. L. Weber, of Saginaw, well known among railroad mea, and D. W. Tomiloson, a Batavia bank presidest, are registered at the Windsor.

With others at the Fifth Avenue Hotel are: ExCongressman shn H. Camp, of Lyons, N. Y.;
ex-Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Charles E.
Coon, Gen. A. S. Suford, of Richmond; ex-Congressman J. H. Remsey, of Albany, and Judge C.
W. Farbanks, of ladian polls.

Thinks the Free List Will be Extended. PITTEBURG, Nov. 29. -B. M. Cutcheon, Republi-

can member of Cougres for the Ninth Michigan District, was in the city his morning. Speaking of the tariff he said to free list would be extended, that lumber and salt would be extended, that lumber and salt would be placed thereon. He thousa it proposes the internal revenue tax would be taken of to-bacco and liquors for medical process. He thinks Carlisie wil be Speaker if he des not antagonize Rundail. If he does this protecting Democrats will out his head off.